

## Parallax 2x16 Serial LCD Display KickStart (#27977)



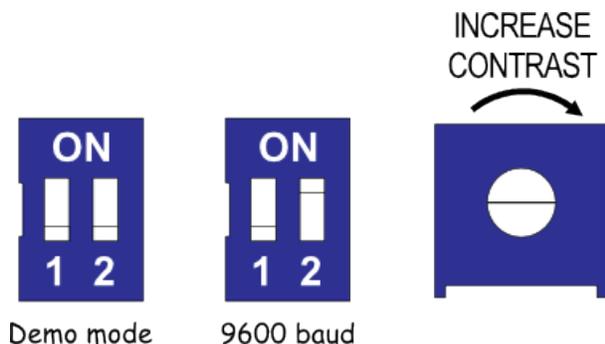
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### What It Can Do

- Displays text on an LCD panel, with two lines, and 16 characters per line
- Built-in speaker for sound effects and musical tones
- Backlighting for operating the display in different environments
- Display custom characters that you design

The 2x16 Serial LCD panel displays up to two lines of text, with up to 16 characters on each line. The module receives simple serial commands from your microcontroller, and is easy to implement in most any project. Using control bytes, you can quickly change the text of the display, sound an attention-getting tone, and control the panel's built-in backlight.

The LCD display provides a demo mode for verifying operation. Demo mode is set using the two DIP switches on the rear of the panel. The same switches also specify the communications speed between your microcontroller and the LCD display. All examples in this KickStart use the 9600 baud setting.

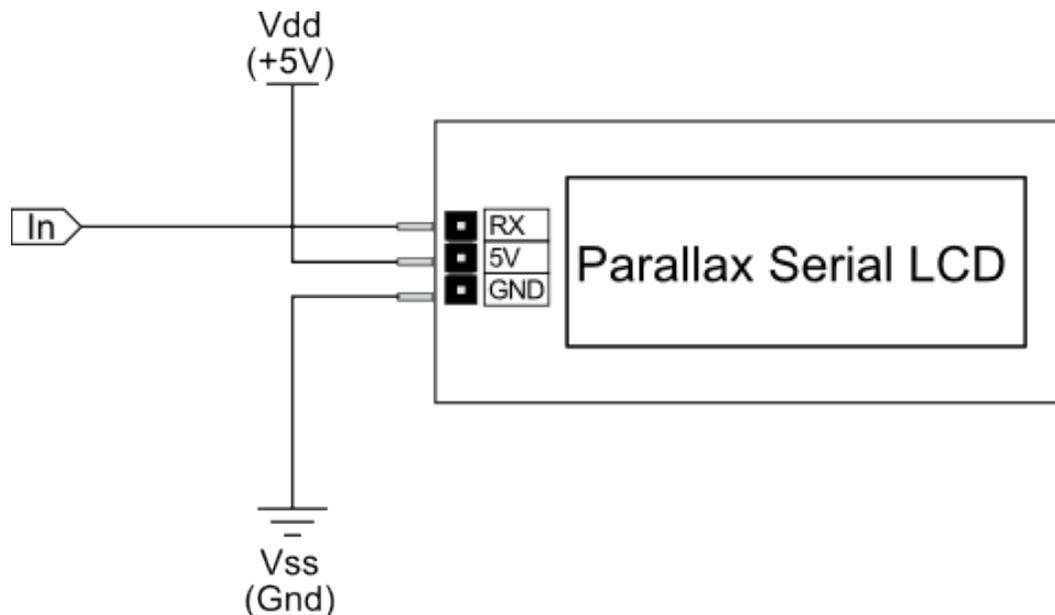


A control on the rear of the unit allows for adjusting the contrast of the text. As needed, use a small flat-bladed screwdriver to rotate the control so that the text on the display is shown with adequate contrast against the background.

## Parts List

- 2x16 Serial LCD, Backlit (Rev F)
  - BASIC Stamp HomeWork Board, Propeller BOE, Propeller QuickStart, or Arduino Uno microcontroller
  - 22 gauge solid conductor hookup wire
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## Basic Wiring



- Power requirements: +5 VDC, 10 mA (backlight off), 50 mA (backlight on)
  - Selectable asynchronous serial baud rates: 2400, 9600, 19200
  - Dimensions: 1.42 x 3.15 in (36 x 80 mm)
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## Program KickStarts

Each example program displays two lines of text and sounds a short tone. The backlight is initially turned on, to aid in making the text more visible, and then automatically turned off after a three second delay.

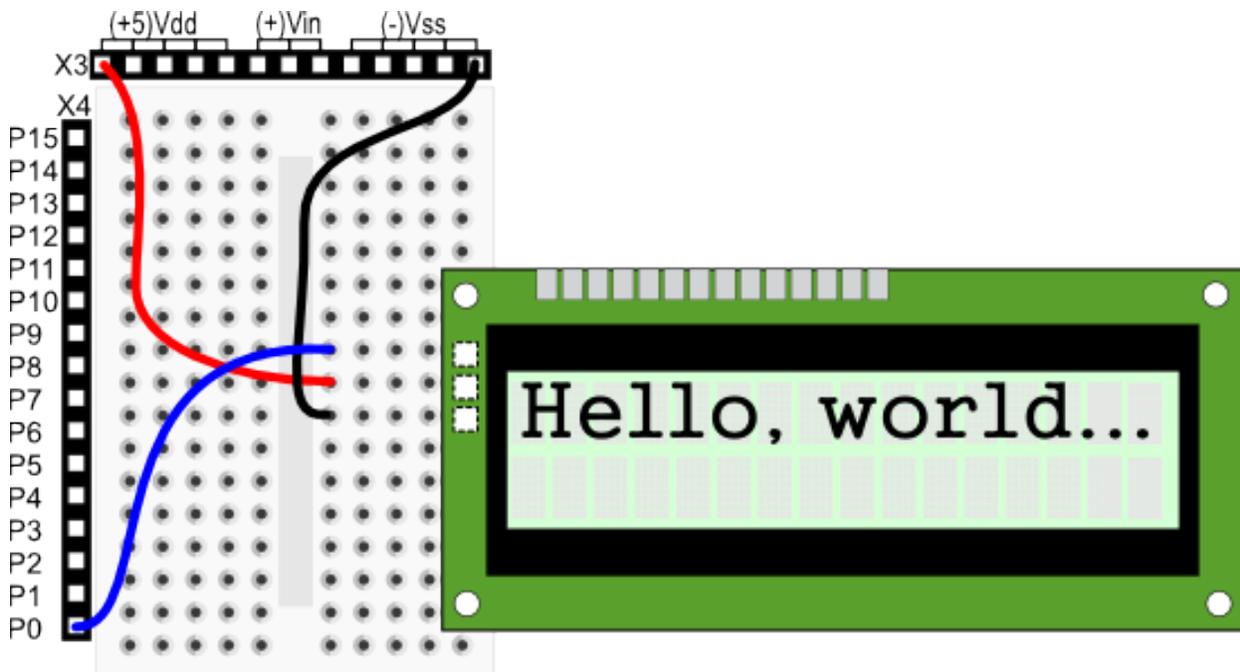
You may re-run the example program from the start by depressing the reset button on your microcontroller.

In addition to displaying text, the example programs demonstrate sending control bytes to the LCD panel. The following table shows the meaning of the control bytes used in the examples; refer to the documentation for the 2x16 Serial LCD for a full list of control bytes.

Control Byte	What it Does
12	Clears the display, sets text to start at 0,0 (first character of the first line)
13	Starts a new line
17	Turns backlight on
18	Turns backlight off
212	Sets up next sound for quarter-length note (about 1/2 second)
220	Sounds and A tone (440 Hz)

You may test the operation of the LCD panel by setting the mode switches (see back of panel) to Demo. Connect power to the panel as shown in the wiring diagram above — you may leave the signal wire disconnected. In demo mode, the panel will activate its backlight, display text, and play a musical tune. Once operation is verified, remove power from the panel and set its mode switches to 9600 baud.

### BASIC Stamp 2 HomeWork Board



```

' {$STAMP BS2}
' {$PBASIC 2.5}

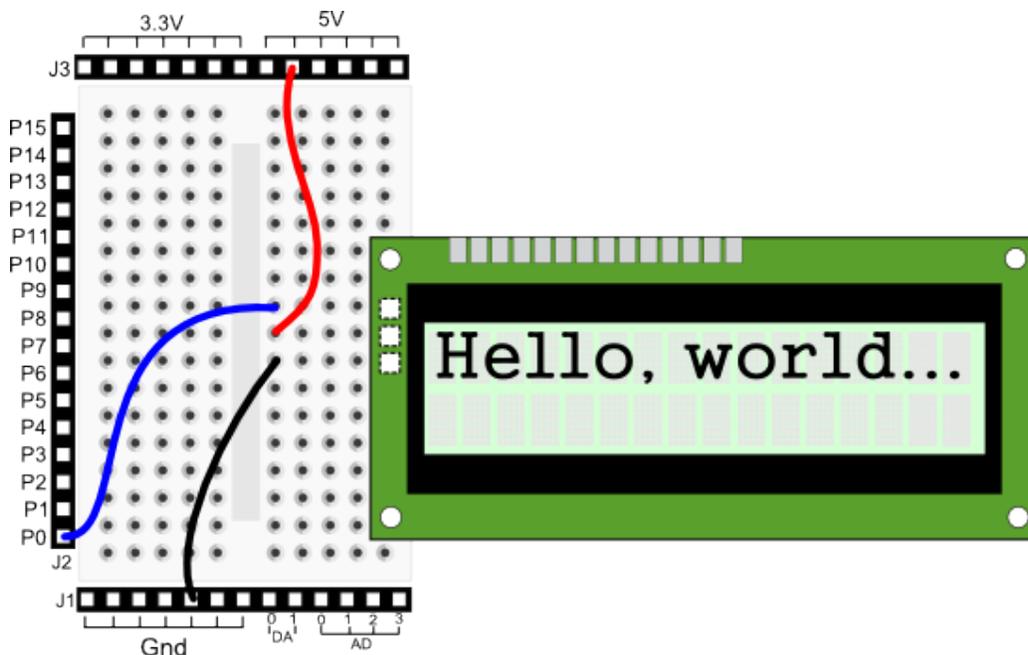
TxPin      CON    0
n9600      CON    84

HIGH TxPin          ' Set serial pin port high
PAUSE 100           ' Pause to initialize
SEROUT TxPin, n9600, [12, 17] ' Clear, turn on backlight
SEROUT TxPin, n9600, ["Hello, world...", 13] ' Print text, line feed
SEROUT TxPin, n9600, ["from Parallax!"]
SEROUT TxPin, n9600, [212, 220] ' Quarter A note
PAUSE 3000         ' Wait 3 seconds
SEROUT TxPin, n9600, [18]      ' Turn backlight off

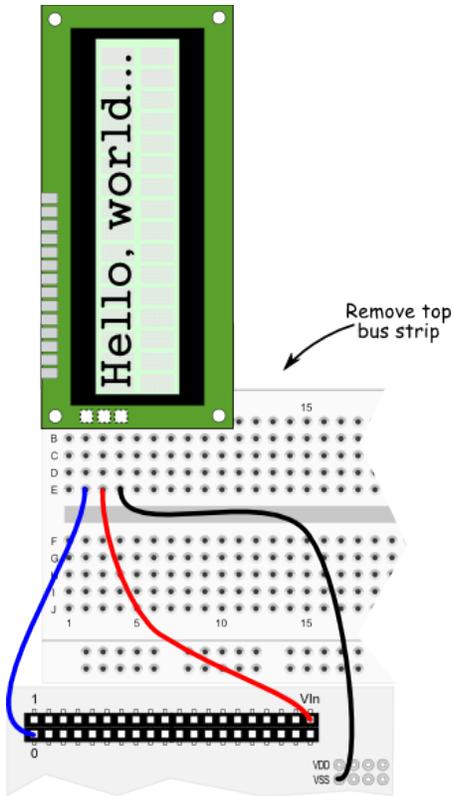
```

**Note:** The BASIC Stamp HomeWork Board's 9 V battery powers both the microcontroller and LCD panel.

### Propeller BOE and Propeller QuickStart



**Propeller BOE Wiring Diagram**



**Propeller QuickStart Wiring Diagram**

OBJ

```
LCD : "FullDuplexSerial.spin"
```

CON

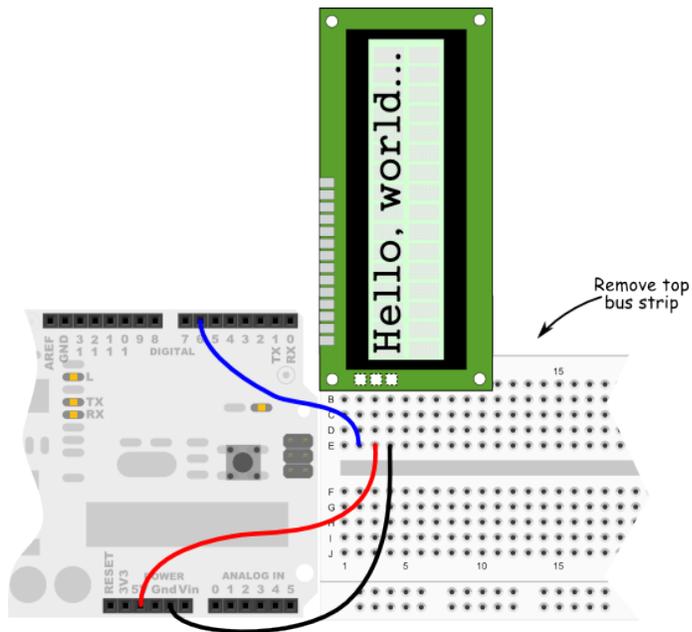
```
_clkmode = xtall + pll16x
_xinfreq = 5_000_000
TxPin = 0
```

PUB Main

```
LCD.start(TxPin, TxPin, %1000, 9_600)
WaitCnt(ClkFreq / 100 + Cnt)           ' Pause to initialize
LCD.tx(12)                             ' Clear
LCD.tx(17)                             ' Turn on backlight
LCD.str(String("Hello, world..."))     ' First line
LCD.tx(13)                             ' Line feed
LCD.str(String("from Parallax!"))     ' Second line
LCD.tx(212)                            ' Set quarter note
LCD.tx(220)                            ' A tone
WaitCnt(ClkFreq * 3 + Cnt)            ' Wait 3 seconds
LCD.tx(18)                             ' Turn off backlight
```

**Note:** This program uses the FullDuplexSerial.spin object library, which is included in the Propeller Tool software download.

## Arduino Uno



```
const int TxPin = 6;

#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
SoftwareSerial mySerial = SoftwareSerial(255, TxPin);

void setup() {

  pinMode(TxPin, OUTPUT);
  digitalWrite(TxPin, HIGH);

  mySerial.begin(9600);
  delay(100);
  mySerial.write(12); // Clear
  mySerial.write(17); // Turn backlight on
  delay(5); // Required delay
  mySerial.print("Hello, world..."); // First line
  mySerial.write(13); // Form feed
  mySerial.print("from Parallax!"); // Second line
  mySerial.write(212); // Quarter note
  mySerial.write(220); // A tone
  delay(3000); // Wait 3 seconds
  mySerial.write(18); // Turn backlight off

}

void loop() {
}
```

**Note:** This program uses the SoftwareSerial object library, which is included in the Arduino IDE software.

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## For More Information

- View the full documentation for the [2x16 Serial LCD module \(#27977\)](#).
  - The Parallax [2x16 LCD \(Non-Backlit, #27976\)](#) is identical except it lacks the backlight. The Parallax [4x20 Serial LCD \(Backlit, #27979\)](#) panel works the same way as the 2x16 modules, but allows up to four lines of text with 20 characters per line.
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